

The Vulcan Advocate

"Serves the Heart of Southern Alberta's Wheat Belt"

Vol. 23—No. 7.

THE VULCAN ADVOCATE, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1936.

Subscription—\$2.00

Glancing Over World Events

What's the use? J. Edgar Hoover's "G" men were doing wonders in killing off public enemies in the United States, and a general reduction was taking place in the number of rackets and armed hold-ups when along comes a nation-wide organization, armed with votes, influence and the means to intimidate, holds up the Senate and House of Representatives and gets away with almost two and a half billion dollars. It is small satisfaction to know that Dillinger and Legs Diamond met their just desert, along with a lot of other poor pikers who robbed only the living. The bonus army of ex-service men robbed not only the living but generations still to come. It was the most colossal hold-up in history.

The Japanese claim that when Chinese armies disband the soldiers become brigands. This was one of the causes of the Sino-Japanese war. The disbanded soldiers of the United States have a better technique. They used constitutional means. They legalized the robbery. It took a long time. They met many reverses, but at last they succeeded. They lost most of the battles but won all of the war. They did not adopt the crude method of herding the staff into the vault. They won over the staff to their scheme and then overpowered the manager, who, deserted by most of his staff, manfully held out against the spoilers. Call them what you like, thieves, robbers, bandits, brigands, buccaneers, spoliators, looters—all such words are applicable.

Some of the men who overrode the President's veto are men who have been critical of his spending programme. They thought the billions he has been spending with lavish hands would ruin the country, yet they vote to add another two-and-a-half billion to the grand total. It is election year and they believe the legionnaires have enough influence to elect or defeat them, and they ought to know. The President pointed out that 96 per cent. of the people are to be taxed for the benefit of 4 per cent. All that the politicians think of is that the 4 per cent. is organized and vocal while the 96 per cent. is unorganized and dumb. War is hell and the politicians are hell-bent for election.

The story that Sir John A. Macdonald was converted at a revival service in Ottawa conducted by Crossley and Hunter is denied again by Mr. Fred Williams who tells just exactly what happened. It was to be the last night of the revival, but a woman in the audience asked the evangelists to stay another week. The proposal was put to a vote and Sir John stood up with the rest at the instance of Lady Macdonald. That was all there was to it. So too did his political opponents. Mr. Williams says Sir John was a religious man but had no use for revival services and lightning conversions.

Another story that preachers make good use of is that Oetewayo, or some other African potentate, asked Queen Victoria to what she attributed Britain's power and prestige and that she replied by pointing to an open Bible on the table near her. The Queen denied the story in writing but that makes no difference. Another story used to substantiate the Jonah story is that of a sailor who fell off a Dollar boat and was swallowed by a whale and afterwards recovered. It was started

(Continued—Back Page)

ELECT OFFICERS

Officers were recently elected by the women of the Berrywater U.F.W.A. for 1936 at a meeting held at the home of Mrs. H. C. Douglas. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. H. C. Douglas; vice-president, Mrs. H. Amey; secretary, Mrs. D. Sinclair; directors, Mrs. C. Love, Mrs. L. Oldfield, Mrs. F. Mensinger, Jr.

Wellman, Blackie Wins Brewery Competition Little Bow Bonspiel

Deveny of Brant Wins Burns' Trophy, Consolation Event; Ten Rinks Entered from Five Towns; Carmangay Entries Fail to Make Appearance

Ten rinks from five towns on the Aldersyde-Lethbridge C.P.R. branch entered in the annual Little Bow bonspiel held in the Vulcan Curling Club premises Wednesday, February 5th. The weather was bitterly cold but the curlers thought nothing of this when it came to scoring 'er up. In the finals of the main competition for the Brewery trophy Wellman, Blackie, won over Orr, Champion. In the consolation event for the Burns' cup, Deveny of Brant defeated Gow of Barons.

It was favorable weather that greeted the curlers. Cold, but that's the kind of weather the curlers like. Usually a bonspiel brings a chinook. The ten rinks entered represented the clubs of Barons, Champion Vulcan, Brant and Blackie. Carmangay failed to make an entry at the last moment and defaulted. Clubs rinks entered included Deveny and McLean of Brant, Wellman and Yeoman of Blackie, McAfee and J. Lebeau of Vulcan, Orr and Hummel of Champion, and Gow and Andrews of Barons.

Continuous cafeteria service in the skating arena waiting room, adjoining the curlers' waiting room, provided hot coffee and sustaining foods for the men of the besom and stone. The service was arranged by the local club.

Brewery Competition

In the opening draw of the Brewery competition, the main event of the bonspiel, Orr, Champion, defeated Deveny, Brant; McAfee, Vulcan, defeated McLean, Champion; Yeoman, Blackie, defeated Gow, Barons; Hummel, Champion, defeated J. Lebeau, Vulcan. Wellman of Blackie and Andrews of Barons drew a bye, as did the defaulting Carmangay rinks.

In the fourth Orr defeated McAfee; Hummel defeated Yeoman. Both the Andrews and Wellman rinks advanced to the semi-final on Carmangay's default.

In the semi-finals Wellman defeated Andrews and Orr defeated Hummel. In the final Wellman beat Orr.

Burns' Competition

In the first draw of the Burns' Cup competition, the consolation event, Deveny won over J. Lebeau; Andrews over McLean; Gow over McAfee; Yeoman drew a bye. In the semi-finals Deveny won over Andrews; Gow over Yeoman. In the final draw Deveny won over Gow.

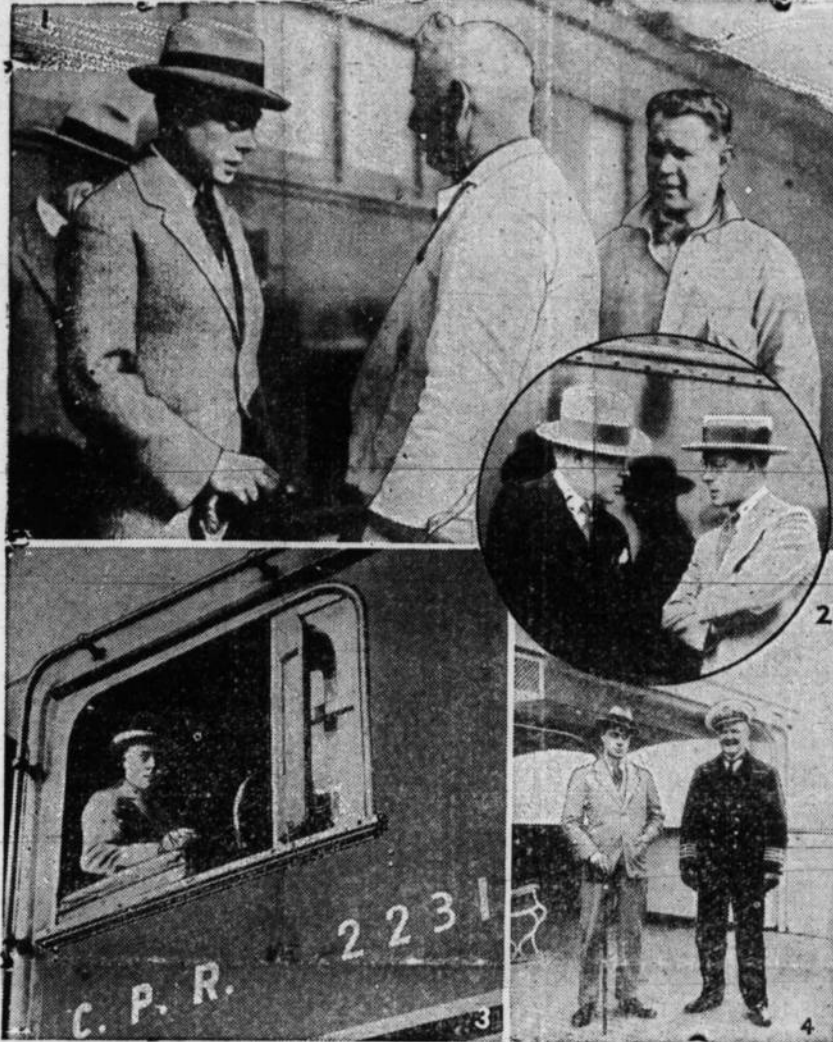
Mrs. J. Wolfe and children attended the Banff Winter Carnival held last week. While in Banff Mrs. Wolfe skipped a rink of young women of that town in the annual ladies' bonspiel.

It has been too cold to curl during the past week and since the Little Bow bonspiel held last Wednesday little activity has been seen. Several games were booked for Wednesday afternoon and evening with some rinks as far as four games behind schedule.

Hockey games on Friday and Monday evenings had to be cancelled due to the impassability of motor traffic on all roads and the very cold weather. The Hornets were billed to play here Friday, the Nanton Rangers on Monday. Both were league games. They will be played as soon as the roads are opened once more to traffic. The provincial playoff games with Strathmore have not been played.

In the report of the two-day invitation bonspiel held at High River last week The High River Times says: "The kid rink from Vulcan, captained by young Lebeau, showed that the young folks can go places even in curling." This "kid" rink, skippered by Jack Lebeau with players Nelson Jamison, Albert Collier and Clifford McAislie, came home from the 'spiel with first prizes as a result of winning the final of the consolation event. They won five games and lost two in the two days' play, defeating Blaney of High River to gain consolation honors.

When His Majesty Visited Canada As Prince of Wales



Canadians have a particularly warm spot in their hearts for King Edward VIII, a sincere affection earned by His Majesty during his several visits to the country as the Prince of Wales. Pictured is His Majesty in several typical poses during many phases of journey. No. 1 illustration shows His Majesty thanking the crew of the Royal Special. No. 2—His Majesty and Sir Edward Beatty chatting at Calgary. No. 3. In the driver's seat of 2231, C.P.R. No. 4. With Capt. D. Griffith on board the Empress of France.

Rev. Dawson, M.L.A. Makes Maiden Speech

Little Bow Social Credit Legislature Member Leads for Higher Tone in Public Life in Speaking in the Debate on Speech from Throne

Rev. Peter Dawson, Social Credit member of the Legislature for the Little Bow riding, of which Vulcan is the centre point, making his maiden speech on the floor of the House on Monday, in speaking in the debate on Speech from the Throne, described the attack made by W. R. Howson, M.L.A., Liberal leader, upon Premier Aberhart and his Social Credit policies, in the Legislature last Friday as "scattering and demoralizing." He pleaded for a higher tone in public life. "It is the duty of every member," said Mr. Dawson, "to purify political life."

Mr. Dawson spoke strongly in support of the proposed new school act of Premier Aberhart, in his maiden speech, declaring that the greatest potential wealth was in the boys and girls of the nation. He hoped that the proposed new larger school units would be brought into being and was hopeful that it would also include towns and villages.

He had the utmost confidence that Social Credit would be implemented, quoting the chief reconstruction adviser, Major C. H. Douglas, on several occasions. "The old order changeth, and it is the purpose of the government to institute Social Credit to bring peace and security to all its citizens," he said.

Leap Year Sale—February 29th (Adv't.)

According to a recent issue of The Alberta Gazette Robert Thompson Baxter, Charles Hamilton Hope Hoskyn, Donald Delmar McQueen, Carlisle William Thompson, all of Vulcan have been appointed Commissioners for Oaths.

JOINT MEETING BERRY-WATER U.F.A. AND U.F.W.A.

The Berrywater U.F.W.A. and U.F.A. met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Oldfield for the regular meeting on Wednesday, January 29th. The main feature of both meetings was the reports from the delegates to the annual convention held in Edmonton. Mrs. H. C. Douglas, representative from the ladies' local, gave an exceptionally good report of the proceedings. Lynn Oldfield reported on the convention for the men's group.

Arrangements were made and donated for a number of card parties sponsored by the U.F.W.A.: February 4th, Mrs. V. Adair; February 17th, Mrs. H. C. Douglas; March 3rd, Mrs. C. Love. The party of February 4th was definitely postponed owing to the severe weather. The next meetings of both locals will be held at the home of Mrs. H. C. Douglas, February 26th.

Leap Year Sale—February 29th (Adv't.)

The February meeting of the council of the Town of Vulcan will be held Monday, February 24th. It will be the first meeting following election of councillors by acclamation.

Paul Wittock and Don Buehler were business visitors in Calgary last week attending the conference of the local managers of the Calgary Power Company.

Fire recently destroyed the farm home of Howard Smith, one mile south of Champion. The home was an old landmark situated on the correction line. The property was insured.

Skipping a pickup rink composed of Miss V. Hunter, lead; Miss M. Stafford second; Miss Doris Douglas, third; all of Banff, Mrs. John Wolfe of Vulcan captured the Bayne trophy in the ladies' bonspiel at Banff concluded on Tuesday. She defeated Mrs. Robbins of Banff in the final of the Bayne event. This pickup rink of Mrs. Wolfe's also gained second position in the Brett cup event. The Wolfe rink was defeated by Mrs. Robbins in that final.

Local Elks Defeated By Claresholm, 3 to 1

Without two of their regular defence men, Del Thomas and Harry LaRoche, the Vulcan Elks were handicapped in a regular scheduled game of the Foothills loop played at Claresholm on Wednesday February 5th. McGinnis and Hicks, two young players from Carmangay, joined the local lineup for the game in the absence of the regulars and the first named scored the single tally for the Elks to have a shutout. It was a fast game, according to reports, played in frigid temperature with a small crowd in attendance.

The first frame was scoreless. Claresholm scored first in the middle stanza. Vulcan tied when McGinnis scored before the period bell rang. Claresholm scored two in the final period to gain the victory.

Lineup of Teams

VULCAN—Gonstable; Harper, S. Thomas; McGinnis, McRae, Shannon; Macartney, Thompson, Bastin, Hicks. CLARESHOLM—Barry; Shearer, Wallaback; Black, Gourlay, Stewart; Hutchinson, Anderson, Gladstone, Hetherington.

Goal Summary

First Period—No score. Second Period—1, Claresholm, Stewart (Black); 2, Vulcan, McGinnis. Third Period—3, Claresholm, Anderson (Shearer); 4, Claresholm, Black (Stewart). Penalties: Harper, S. Thomas.

According to the report of insurance inspectors into the cause of the fire at the residence property of Roy Fulton, occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Joe Marshall, the fire started from a defective chimney. In connection with the recent fire, Mrs. and Mrs. Marshall wish to offer sincere thanks to the Vulcan Fire Brigade and to volunteers who assisted with removal of household effects, also to neighbors for assistance given.

Vulcan District Suffers Extreme Cold Weather; Drifting Blocks Roads

The severest cold weather for years is the big item in the news these days with King Winter reaching the front page every day. And the Vulcan community is suffering along with hundreds of other communities in Alberta, with the thermometer mercury hovering between 20 and 40 below every day, in fact 20 below has been considered mild during the week from Wednesday to Wednesday. Perhaps Vulcan has suffered more than most points, for the community has been absolutely isolated from the outside world as far as motor and road traffic is concerned. Train service has been well maintained with little disturbance from the snow. Trains from the south have been late on several occasions.

Bus service by the Greyhound and Vulcan bus lines has been demoralized with roads drifted several feet deep with fine sifted snow. The road from the 12-mile corner to High River on the gravelled highway presents a sorrowful plight for motorists who attempt to overcome its obstacles. The travelled highway to Calgary via Carseland has been blocked for several days, although a few cars have made the trip spending many, many hours on the roads shovelling snow. The government snow plow attempted to break the drifts on the Vulcan-High River highway Tuesday afternoon but failed to get through the plowing apparatus within one mile of the town operated by Wm. Marshall. The plow had to return to Calgary for repairs and will probably save the road open late today.

Although January was a very cold month with only two breaks in temperature, it took February to give everyone a real old-fashioned touch of winter. Starting early Wednesday morning last week the temperature took a sudden drop and the mercury fell rapidly. In the afternoon a stiff wind from the north started drifting snow that had started to fall. Thursday morning all roads were blocked and the mercury continued on the loop. Thursday thermometers registered from 38 to 45 below in various sections of the district. Friday was just as cold with a slight let-up on Saturday when a chinook was reported on the way. This sounded welcome to the populace, but the warm winds failed to reach this section of the province and the highest thermometer went on Saturday was about 15 below. Sunday turned colder with steadily decreasing temperatures on Monday. The mercury stood at 25 below Tuesday and 30 below Wednesday morning. The weather moderated on Wednesday until sundown. Temperature at Wednesday noon was 18 below.

The road to Reid Hill has been passable with many detours through fields. To the closer mines, trucks have made the journey practically every day for coal. Roads to the mines in the Champion territory have been harder to travel. The municipal road west of Vulcan drifted badly in places and for several days was almost impassable. Some traffic has come over this road every day, although about one mile in ten has to be shovelled with every trip.

Mrs. Harback, former Vulcan resident, now of Claresholm, was re-elected president of the Macleod Presbyterian of the Presbyterian church held in Macleod last week. She presided at the sessions.

The annual meeting of the Vulcan Municipal Hospital District, No. 19, was postponed indefinitely from Friday afternoon, February 7th. Roads were impassable on that date and ratepayers nor representatives of the various towns and municipalities could not attend.

In this territory annual meetings of municipal districts of Royal, Marquis and Harmony are all slated for this week-end. All will be held during the afternoon of Saturday. Small attendances are anticipated in every case. The Royal meeting will be held at Vulcan, the Marquis meeting at Minto and the Harmony meeting at Champion.

The 65th Annual Statement of the SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

Reflects the Strength and Stability
of Life Assurance

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HIGHLIGHTS OF 1935

ASSURANCES IN FORCE . . . Exceed Two Billion Seven Hundred Million Dollars. This is the amount which will be paid by the Sun Life as the policies now in force reach maturity. By thrift and foresight more than a million policyholders have provided, through Sun Life policies, for the support of their families in case of premature death and their own independence should they live to old age.

NEW ASSURANCES PAID FOR . . . Exceed Two Hundred Million Dollars for the year. During 1935 more than seventy thousand persons established estates by purchasing Sun Life policies, thus providing security for many thousands of homes.

POLICYHOLDERS AND BENEFICIARIES . . . Benefits amounting to Eighty Million Dollars were paid out—over Two Hundred and Eighty-five Thousand Dollars for each working day. Since the Sun Life commenced business 65 years ago it has paid out to policyholders and beneficiaries well over Nine Hundred Million Dollars.

ASSETS . . . Of over Seven Hundred Million Dollars ensure that every Sun Life policy will be settled promptly when the time for payment arrives. In the meantime, this fund invested on behalf of policyholders, contributes notably to national and industrial progress.

SUMMARY OF DIRECTORS' REPORT

ASSURANCE IN FORCE, December 31, 1935	\$2,736,990,000
NEW ASSURANCES PAID FOR	\$19,076,000
INCOME	153,406,000
DISBURSEMENTS	100,175,000
EXCESS OF INCOME OVER DISBURSEMENTS	47,231,000
PAYMENTS TO POLICYHOLDERS AND BENEFICIARIES:	
During the year 1935	80,284,000
Since Organization	968,614,000
ASSETS	707,052,000
LIABILITIES	692,620,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL (\$2,000,000)	
and balance at credit of shareholders' account	\$3,281,000
RESERVE for depreciation in mortgages and real estate	5,201,000
SURPLUS	5,050,000
	\$14,432,000

The valuation of the assets has been made in accordance with the basis authorized by the Insurance Department of the Dominion of Canada

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COUNTRY ELEVATORS
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PROBLEMS WITH OUR AGENT
R. W. McFarlane
Vulcan Agent

CROP TESTING PLAN

Four radio broadcasts dealing with better seed and crop improvement will be given by Mr. H. G. L. Strange, Director of the Crop Testing Plan, as follows:

Tuesday, Feb. 11th.—The use of rusted and frosted grain for seed.
" Feb. 18th.—The standard varieties of wheat, oats and barley.
" Feb. 25th.—How to buy and use good seed.
" Mar. 3rd.—Cleaning and treating seed—use of the fanning mill.

TIMES OF BROADCASTS
C I G X—YORKTON 2.00 to 2.10 p.m.
C F A C—CALGARY 12.15 to 12.25 p.m.
C J C A—EDMONTON 1.05 to 1.15 p.m.

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SALES



SERVICE

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The Vulcan Advocate

"Serves the Heart of Southern Alberta's Wheat Belt"

An Independent Weekly Newspaper issued every Thursday afternoon, at the office of publication, Vulcan, Alberta. Subscription price per year: In Canada \$2.00; United States and other countries, \$2.50. Advertising rates furnished on request.

Member Canadian Weekly Newspaper Association.
CHARLES CLARK Owner-Publisher
R. D. McELROY News Editor

Thursday, February 13, 1936

THUMBS DOWN

WITH scarcely a dissenting voice, the Alberta Trustees Association in convention, voted down the plan for larger school units. This does not mean that the delegates disapproved unanimously of the whole idea, but they were not convinced, from the information presented, that it would be an advantage from the economical standpoint. It is only fair to believe that this was the major objection and that "local" authority played a minor part. It is possible the bill will be deferred in legislature till 1937 owing to the attitude of the convention.

It has been remarked however, that the public has a curious habit of electing people to legislate for the country, and then frustrating that legislation. It has also been remarked that it is foolish to engage experts and educationalists to survey the field of educational reform, only to throw out the unanimous recommendations not only of these men, but of students of education in other countries. It is natural that trustees should regard the question only from the local angle, and that provincial authorities should be viewing the province as a whole. There are questions of finance, debt and so on which trustees have handled for many years, and on the whole with efficiency. They are loath to have any situation which is now "well in hand," transformed to a larger and perhaps less careful authority. If the plan of larger units were presented a clearer and more specific detail, and with more convincing data as to cost, it is quite possible that trustees and taxpayers might view it with more tolerance, and eventually with approval.

It seemed a somewhat contradictory stand however, for the trustees at their convention to turn down the plan of larger units on the ground of expense, and at a later session to vote for medical inspection of all rural schools, for the teaching of singing, or free school books and what not. These services are desirable and in the opinion of many are necessary, but the whole foundation of any such concessions is the larger school unit.

Is there any similarity between the field and operation of the larger unit and the establishment of municipal hospitals. It will be remembered that municipal hospitals had a stiff fight for acceptance on the ground of taxation, but they have undoubtedly proved a blessing, financial and otherwise. But Alberta's health services are far in advance of educational services, in comparison with other countries.

There appear to be certain angles of similarity, and also many differences. It is our interpretation that many schools would be operated largely as at present. Some might be moved, some closed, but there would be no general attempt at consolidation, which is undoubtedly costly in present transportation service.

It is to be hoped that every detail of the proposed plan will be thoroughly agreed upon, and presented. If it has serious merits, the public will eventually respond. But one cannot greatly blame either trustees or parents for not embracing a somewhat vague and contradictory plan.

A BODY BLOW

THE Alberta Gazette of January 31, delivers a real body blow to the newspapers of the province, and through them to workmen and employment. This is the resolution of the Alberta Liquor Control Board that all advertising of liquor shall be prohibited after April 30.

At the same time, the government is unctuously reaping its profits from the sale of liquor within the province. Net profits recently announced for the year ending March 31, 1935 were \$1,803,364, all of which the government made use of. The profits for this year will probably be up a little.

Moreover, to increase revenue, the government has taken over the work of Distributors Limited, thus displacing more workmen.

In other words, the government is quite ready to feed and clothe itself, and to function on the profits from its liquor business, but refuses to permit certain of its people to enjoy any share of profit from the business. The advertising was at no time an expense to the Liquor Control Board, and it is the gravest interference with one branch of industry to have this penalty placed upon the press. It involves the lives and incomes of many workmen in the province, and withdrawal of thousands of outside dollars from Alberta circulation.

To carry weight, a stand on "moral" grounds should at least show consistency. The government, in prohibiting liquor advertising in the press, is penalizing one class of industry, reducing employment, cancelling the entrance of outside revenue, thus affecting other branches of industry and inflicting hardship on a body of men who have played a great part in the constructive development of the province. And at the same time, it is briliantly engaged in reaping handsome profits from this business which must not be advertised. More than this, if there is a moral principle involved, it is strange that the government through the Liquor Control Board feels free to print and distribute lists of its wares and the prices involved. This is an interesting point in morals.

STANLEY CLARK

A province-wide protest against the dismissal of Stanley Clark as game commissioner of the province is being organized. Executives of almost all organizations interested in fish and game protection, and also far dealers of the province are reported to be organizing for a concerted protest against this dismissal.

When this important office was given to Stanley Clark, all apartments of the province were pleased. Mr. Clark is well known in this, and practically all areas of the province. He is outstandingly qualified for his duties, owing to his complete knowledge of wild life in mountain stream and upland. It is work which absorbs his whole interest and in which he has had years of training. He is a sportsman in the best sense of the word, and through holding the confidence of interested departments of government, and of the public, he has been able to accomplish much in the interest of game conservation.

As is generally recognized, the wild game and fishing streams of this province play a great part in the tourist revenue of the province. Constant, intelligent supervision and control is necessary to prevent depletion. And depletion would not only rob this generation, but succeeding generations, of a valuable natural resource. This is a department which must reconcile many diverse viewpoints and be ever watchful. It demands particular qualifications, with which few men are endowed, regardless of their ability in other lines.

It is to be hoped that the government will reconsider this dismissal which is generally the most unpopular that has yet been made.

CONSERVATION OF SOIL FERTILITY

South Alberta began to fill up with settlers about 50 years ago this year. It was 50 years ago that John Silver's big spring wheat crop at Wilson Siding showed up what the cow country could do when plowed up and planted to wheat.

Thirty years is a long time, and a lot of fertility of the land has gone out in the box cars in which the grain was shipped. Take a section of land which has been cropped since 1906. If standard practice has been followed, raised 15 crops. The average per acre return in this area is set at 17 bushels of wheat. Which means that each acre of land has raised 255 bushels. We know land in the Canadian district which since 1908 has raised nearly 500 bushels per acre. But even at 270 bushels, it means that 15,000 pounds of the world's finest bread grain has been taken off.

What has been put back?
If there is any other country in the world where the land would stand up a drag on its fertility without bearing out just how it to us.

At one time Minnesota raised 6,000,000 acres of wheat a year. Today Minnesota raises only 1,000,000 acres a year. The change was brought about by depletion of soil fertility to such a point that profitable crops became impossible. The result was a switch over to clovers, fodder crops, corn and livestock, and dairying in order to rebuild the fertility of the soil so that farm families could make a living.

South Alberta farmers who have been using land for 25 or 30 years should seriously consider seeding down some land and carrying a little more livestock. It's a measure of self-preservation. We can't go on robbing the land forever without eventually paying the piper.—Lethbridge Herald

ONLY PRIME BEEF WANTED IN U.S.A.

If Alberta cattle raisers hope to get anywhere in the American market, they will have to export only the best quality stuff. This is the message brought back from South St. Paul and Chicago by George Ross, well-known St. Kilda rancher, and W. C. McKenna, manager of the Southern Alberta Co-operative Association. Mr. Ross and Mr. McKenna have just returned from the U.S. where they gave close study to the market under the new reciprocal trade agreement between Canada and the United States.

Fat Steers Strong
"In Chicago fat steers are bringing \$14 a hundred but unfortunately Canadian cattle going onto the market were not fat. They have not been well finished cattle hence the disappointing reception accorded them. There is a certain market in the U.S. for big well finished steers and for medium weight heifers but our shippers should make sure they are good ones."

"Moreover, I think it is a mistake to send down cattle by the trainload. There is a certain hostility to the Canadian shipments even though the quota of beef we send into the States is actually of little consequence when compared with the general receipts. However, in view of this coldness, I believe it would be advantageous to ship in smaller lots thus avoiding the publicity a trainload of cattle receives," said Mr. Ross.

Mr. McKenna emphasized that only prime beef animals should be sent to the U.S. Already considerable harm has been done, he found, by offering unfinished cattle. "It's said it would be some time yet before Southern Alberta cattle are moved out," Lethbridge Herald.

J. J. Maloney, former K.K.K. lecturer, has been sentenced to 18 months imprisonment in B.C. for false pretences.

MOBILIZATION OF CANADIAN TROOPS

Chief of Canada's National Defense Announces Dominion's Preparations

Brig-General McNaughton, who had charge of Canada's defense preparations for the past five years, delivered an address in Ottawa before his retirement. In it he described Canada's military preparations. He referred to the favorable position of the country. "The Arctic regions and the friendly south offer no hazards and any danger would come from east and west. Canada has been entangled as a possible Belgium, but it is rather more like Russia, and Napoleon's excursion into the vast spaces of Russia is not forgotten."

Brig-General McNaughton, however, considers such eventualities as might rise through British Empire connection, and the present plans anticipate mobilization of 400,000 men under arms in two weeks.

Canada, has rifles and uniforms on hand, and a call for general mobilization of all able-bodied males in Canada between the ages of 18 and 60 are liable for army service. Certain groups are exempt, such as judges, lawyers, telegraph clerks, and the higher officials of the Ottawa government. All members of the militia can be called to the colors before a general mobilization is ordered. Former members of the militia cannot be called as such.

Once they are mobilized, the militia are not limited to home defence. On order of the governor-general, they can be sent anywhere.

The Trans-Canada Airway offers a defense of attack on civilian population. The regimentation of industrial life was not dealt with, but peace time plants could be converted into war industries.—Central Press Canadian Writer, Lethbridge Herald.

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Visiting members cordially welcomed

I. O. O. F.

SAMARITAN LODGE, No. 91, Vulcan, Alberta, meets second and fourth Wednesday, at 8 p. m. Visiting members welcome.

E. L. PARSONS, N. G.
GEO. McMANN, R. S.

P. B. DISCHER

Vulcan Jeweller

Watches and Jewellery Properly Repaired

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

Notice To Shareholders, Vulcan Oils Ltd.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of Vulcan Oils Limited will be held in the Odd Fellows' Hall in the Town of Vulcan in the Province of Alberta on Friday, the 28th day of February at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of receiving Reports of the Directors and Auditor; for the election of Directors and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the meeting.

Stock Register closed for transfer of stock from February 15th to March 1st, 1936.

By Order of the Board,

A. J. FLOOD, Sec.-Treas.



For 54 Years...

Bawlf Grain Handling and Marketing Facilities have served Western Farmers. Let us handle your grain and futures transactions.

N. BAWLF GRAIN COMPANY LIMITED

WINNIPEG

CALGARY

EDMONTON

YORKTON

Town of Vulcan

DOG TAX

NOTICE is hereby given that Dog Tax for 1936 in the Town of Vulcan is now due and payable at the Fire Hall or to Constable Weale.

By Order,

A. J. Flood, Sec.-Treas.

FISH

Fresh Frozen Herring, 3 lbs. 25c
Fillets of Kippers, very dainty, lb. 25c
Scotch Fillets of Haddie, per lb. 20c
Fat Salt Herring, per lb. 25c

Pickled Herring, in quart glass, per jar 45c
Assorted Fish Paste, Cod Roe, Anchovy or Shrimp, per tin 15c

Pure Alberta Honey in Glass, 25c, 35c, or 65c per jar

Butter Scotch Candy, a treat, lb. 35c Fresh Cranberries, 2 lbs. 45c
Fresh Fig Bars, per lb. 25c Fresh Ginger Snaps, lb. 15c
Quaker Packet Oats, with Cup and Saucer, per pkt. 35c
Sunkist Oranges, 20c, 35c, 50c or 60c per dozen

WM. DYCE ALLAN

PHONE 7

4 X MARKET

VULCAN

ALBERTA BEERS.

the finest and most famous of western brands, are distinguished by their

CLEAN TASTE

Next time you enjoy the exquisite flavor of Alberta Beer, note particularly the "clean taste." This characteristic distinguishes good beer from the many other brands, and explains why Beer from Alberta Breweries is so popular.

Served at all Hotels and Clubs—or order a case of your favorite brand direct from our Warehouse at Calgary

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AGENTS FOR THE BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA

LIABILITY OF SCHOOL BOARDS

When School Boards are Responsible for Accidents on School Premises

E. J. Chambers of Calgary, addressed school trustees in convention on "Accident Liability of school boards," showing in what way boards may be liable for accidents on school premises.

There were two ways in which boards could be held liable—legal wrongs and negligence, Mr. Chambers said. Legal wrongs he defined as injuries received by a child at the hands of a teacher as a result of punishment which had gone beyond the bounds of reason. Negligence, he said, was the lack of reasonable care.

School boards were liable for legal wrongs or negligence of teachers, janitors and other employees, the speaker said. It was up to the boards to take reasonable care that the premises and buildings used by school children were suitable, and in good condition. Negligence in removing ice or snow from walks and steps, or failure to repair faulty swings, teeter-totters sport and gymnasium equipment, resulting in accidents, would be laid to school boards he said.

The boards also had a legal obligation to keep heating, lighting and ventilation equipment in good condition, and would be liable for ill-health or impairment of sight of teachers or pupils as result of failure of these services, M. Chambers concluded.

INTERESTING ITEMS

The new School bill may be deferred in legislature until 1937.

Sunspots are blamed for the cold weather of this winter, but may bring good crops and moisture.

Plans are again under survey to exchange annually 100,000 head of Canadian cattle for various Russian commodities.

If the Dominion government will credit Alberta with 800,000 population, Premier Aberhart will agree that the \$500,000 expense of a census will be cancelled.

WHAT MIGHT BE IN RURAL EDUCATION

Larger Unit Would Minimize Many Existing Defects

Captain Edwards, public school inspector for High River Inspector, presented a strong case for larger school units in the rural area of Alberta, in an address given at High River last week.

Mr. Edwards in his talk referred to the disadvantages of the small rural school unit, and later specified the advantages of the larger districts. He cited the two large areas in Alberta, Turner Valley and Berry Creek, which have passed beyond the experimental stage and have proved successful in every respect.

When the province was formed in 1905, said the speaker, it was not necessary to create a school system as it was already in existence and the School Ordinance of the N.W.T. became the School Act of Alberta. In 1905 there were 602 organized districts. In 1931, there were 3,768 organized districts. In the province in 1932 was a school population of 172,000 with 5,782 rooms. Of this, there were 66,185 children attending 2919 one-roomed schools. Of these only 23 new districts were established in 1931.

Faults of Small Areas Although the government provides school grants to weak districts in order that elementary education should be as widely available as possible, the act does remain that there are certain local conditions which in some instances deprive groups of children of the school training which they should have.

1. Financing under the small unit is inadequate, unequal and unjust. The instance is that of one school district with an assessed valuation of \$60,000 supporting modest school needs of about \$1000, and side by side a district obliged to finance its school from seven quarter sections. School rates may vary in the province from nothing or 1 mill to 68 mills. The children of a poor area are quite equal in capability and prospective citizenship those more fortunate children in an area immediately adjoining.

2. Conditions of employment for rural teacher are not uniform in respect to service required and remuneration. For instance a teacher with university degree and excellent attainments may get \$500 and a teacher just out of Normal in an adjoining school may get \$300. Salaries vary widely, and in some areas, teachers deserve great credit for keeping schools going with salaries far behind. There is no promotion policy for rural schools.

3. Administration. There are in the province 27 inspectors of elementary schools, the number being halved in 1931. Only 10 per cent. of the inspectors' time is spent in the classroom, the remainder going to settling up of administrative problems, etc. Regarding teachers and those less capable need the inspectors' assistance more than the more experienced, but it is impossible to give that supervision so desirable and so necessary. There is a great difference between "supervision" and "inspection."

4. The small unit is uneconomical. Purchase of supplies in small quantities means higher prices than large scale purchase. Maintenance of libraries and other supplies is expensive. These thousand, seven hundred school boards, 7,700 secretaries, 2,700 annual audits are uneconomical.

5. Educational opportunities for rural children do not equal those of town schools. In the towns 93.7 per cent. of the population is attending school. In rural areas only 18 per cent. of the population is going to school. The high school problem is very serious. The rural high school is dependent entirely on the attendance, the pupils to be served, the ratepayers approval, etc. The rural high school should be available as a right.

Others Think So

A larger unit of administration is the first necessity in removing some of the faults of the present system. Expert opinion almost everywhere favors larger units. England, Scotland, Australia, New Zealand are all in line. Scotland has 38 school districts, New Zealand has 9. Twelve states in U.S.A. have taken the country as a unit. Quebec and B.C. are the first Canadian provinces to move toward adoption of the system.

Alberta Experiments

Two attempts have been made in Alberta toward the larger unit. Near Hanna are 67 school districts formed

into one. This Berry Creek area includes some impoverished districts. The late Inspector Gorman and Inspector Thurber overcame serious problems of organization, moved schools, moved homes, etc., to ensure that all children received school advantages. There is advance being made toward broadening elementary training and give High School opportunities for all. And the financial success is noteworthy, with the cost \$15,000 less in 1934 than the previous year.

Turner Valley school district is the other example. Its classrooms compare with any in city schools. In addition in services are music, physical training, commercial high school, technical and manual training and domestic science. This unit stresses the advantages in services though also a financial success.

What Might Be A large unit of administration would—

1. Bring about a more equitable burden of taxation.
2. Bring a nearer approach to realizing educational opportunities for all rural children.
3. Assure full time operation of schools.
4. Economize in school operation in sparsely settled districts.
5. Improve teaching service and remuneration.
6. Substitute supervision for inspection. Place teachers in schools where they would be of best service.
7. Would help in solving the rural high school problem.

Proposed Plan The proposed plan to come up this session, suggests the grouping of schools into divisions of from 65 to 100 schools; with business directed by five directors from the subdivisions, and the superintendent to be paid by the government.

Questions Would schools be consolidated? Not necessarily. Consolidation though excellent in many respects, seems to have proved costly in transportation.

WATCHING AND WAITING

Canada has watched with interest the efforts of the United States to lift itself out of the depression. It has seen a somewhat detached interest. This country did not follow the example of its neighbor in instituting great changes for the control of industry and agriculture. There has been some coming of the dairy industry and up wards of a million dollars was spent last year to fatten cheese checks and to handle a few million pounds of butter out of the country. In many cases prices for city milk are now set by public utility boards. The federal government took over the wheat surplus. The Marketing Act has been applied to a few specialized products grown in limited areas. There has been tariff juggling with regard to some products like fruit and butter. However, nothing comparable to the A.A.A. program has been attempted. Apparently it is just as well. Emergency conditions demand emergency measures, but in the final reckoning it is doubtful how much good would come out of permanent government regimentation of agriculture. Country Guide.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

A "Booster Club" has been formed in Champion to further the interests of the village. At a recent meeting a motion was carried that a hospital district be formed comprising an area of six and one-half sections in the Municipal District of Harmony. A vote will soon be taken to determine whether the necessary majority can be obtained.

G. C. Collier was the lucky winner of \$25.00, the first amount drawn for in the Elks' Kiddies Fund draw at the Vulcan theatre on Tuesday evening. He collected the amount amid cheers and the cry of "Speech, speech," but he declined the honors of speech-making in the theatre. If Mrs. Bert Jones and Bruce M. Kay had been present in the theatre during the drawing they would have increased their bank rolls by \$15.00 and \$10.00 respectively. But they missed an opportunity and the \$25.00 will be carried over and added to the \$10.00 offered next Tuesday.

FARM OUTLOOK SURVEY FOR 1936

Lethbridge Experimental Station has sent out a bulletin covering the agricultural outlook for 1936. In brief the comments are:

Beef Cattle—"As a result of the Canada-United States Trade Agreement, the cattle industry has an opportunity for some increase in export of cattle of weights exceeding 700 pounds, and of veal calves. While United States cattle prices in the spring and summer of 1936 may not approximate those of a year earlier, the reduction in tariff will largely compensate for any lowered prices which might develop."

Hogs—"Canada is expected to have some increase in hog output during 1936. The output of hogs in 1936 promises in itself to afford an increase in exports. On the other hand a factor which may offset this tendency is the possibility of expansion in domestic consumption on account of an increased purchasing power and anticipated higher prices of hogs."

Horses—"Continued enquiries indicate an outlook for this market (United States) for breeding stock in the near future."

Sheep and Wool—"Interest in lamb production has been stimulated by improved prices for lamb and wool. Improved prices of wool will probably be maintained, and this will be a factor in stimulating further interest."

Poultry and Eggs—"A steady improvement in conditions within the poultry industry took place in 1935 and there is every indication that this will be at least maintained."

Wheat—"While the wheat situation insofar as Canada is concerned is involved at the moment, yet this country must and will continue to produce wheat on a substantial scale. It should be noted, however, that in view of the greatly reduced world import demand the wheat produced by a normal yield on an acreage similar to that sown in 1935 would be difficult of disposal."

Barley—"The value of barley as a feed grain would seem to justify an expansion of barley acreage toward that of the 1928-32 period."

Oats—"A full acreage of oats should be again seeded in 1936."

Flax Seed—"Flax seed acreage might increase to advantage in 1936."

Clover, Alfalfa and Grass Seeds—"These seeds, except Alsike, are now in fair supply in Canada and the United States. Timothy was a particularly large crop, the United States producing enough to be again on an export basis while for the first time in history Canadian production was much in excess of normal domestic requirements."

TRAVEL BARGAINS

TO

EASTERN CANADA

Feb. 29 to Mar. 13

CHOICE OF TRAVEL in Coaches - Tourist or Standard Sleepers

Fare slightly higher for Tourist or Standard Sleepers in addition to usual berth charges

Return Limit 45 days in addition to date of sale

STOPOVERS ALLOWED at Stations Fort William and East

For Fares, Train Service, etc. Apply Ticket Agent

CANADIAN PACIFIC

The **ALBERTA PACIFIC GRAIN CO. LTD.**

a good Company to do Business with

SPECIALS Effective from Saturday until Thursday, Feb. 20th**ORANGES**, size 344, 2 doz. 45c, size 288, 3 doz. 73c

Plum Jam, Pure, 4 lb. tin 45c	Braid's Coffee, Gem jar, 1 lb. 42c
Tea, Blue Ribbon, lb. pkg. 46c	Bakeasy Shortening, lb. carton . . . 16c
Apricots, choice quality, 2 lbs. 35c	Soap, Fels Naptha, 3 bars 25c
Cob Corn, Golden Bantam, 6 in tin 20c	Pie Cherries, Glenwood, tin 15c
Catsup, C & B, 12 oz. bottle 18c	Baking Powder, Eggo, 16 oz. tin . . . 25c
Vi-Tone, 12 oz. tin 43c	Washing Powder, Royal Crown, . . . 25c

(Dish Mop Free)

LETTUCE, CELERY, SWEET POTATOES, CAULIFLOWER, TOMATOESPHONE
131VULCAN
ALBERTA**Glancing Over . . .**

(Continued from Page 1)

by a practical joker named Langton Clarke, who is still living. The bible story needs no such authentication since it does not say Jonah was swallowed by a whale but by a great fish prepared for the occasion.

Historians in the future will probably refer to something that happened two months ago as a wonderful development in the growth of popular government in Britain. The Baldwin government just returned with a large majority endorsed the Hoare-Laval peace proposals. The people said "O, no you don't" and the government backed down. There were no petitions, no parades, no riots. It was not the Lords and Commons who spoke, it was the people. And please remember this took place in a monarchy where the King reigns but the people rule.

It could not happen in the republic to the south of us, where the President is elected for four years and is removable only by death or impeachment. Roosevelt elected on a platform demanding recovery, retrenchment, and balanced budgets took the very opposite course. It will be argued and it is true that the people, avid for such a repudiation, approved, but suppose the very opposite happened. Suppose he was elected on the promise of spending billions with unbalanced budgets, and had embarked on a cheese-paring policy. What could the people do about it? They would simply have to grin and bear it for four years. Certainly he could not be switched from his revised programme before Congress met.

The man who marches one way against a thousand marching the other way may sometimes deserve credit, but usually it is the act of a man who is perverse, or who wants to appear odd and get his name in the papers. In the case of the very few who dissent, or tried to dissent, from resolutions of sympathy in the death of the King introduced in legislatures and other public bodies in the United States there is only one cause to be given and that is boorishness. The

people of Great Britain will not soon forget that there were no few instances of perverseness or boorishness. Such unanimity was not possible a quarter-century ago.

Italians say that the Ethiopians send out lying despatches from the front. This would appear to clash with the oft-repeated Italian allegation that the Ethiopians are not civilized.

To close down a large business entails great loss and therefore we cannot understand any business firm doing so except to avoid a greater loss in continuing it. This is what a big rayon mill in Quebec did. The owners claim that under the new treaty with Japan, they are exposed to competition which they cannot meet. The shut-down threw a thousand men out of employment but the firm has taken back about half of them. The government has appointed Judge Targion to investigate. During the election campaign, Premier King said the government might take over and carry on any business closing under such circumstances, after an investigation had been held.

Roosevelt is the strongest candidate the Democrats could have but even if he were not, he would get the nomination for a second term. Roosevelt needs every advantage for two men are opposed to him who were Democratic candidates for the Presidency, viz. J. W. Davis and A. E. Smith, besides Governor Talmadge of Georgia. The Republicans are in a bad way for a candidate, Hoover would not do and Borah whose hat is in the ring, is an odd man who in other days was not orthodox. His radicalism may help to match him against Roosevelt, but if there is no other candidate, conservative Republicans and Democrats have nowhere to go.

If Roosevelt is re-elected, it will be because of the billions which he has spent and is spending among all classes. Thousands of people are on the public payroll employed in distributing largesse. It is true that the Supreme Court has put a stop to the distribution to farmers, but Roosevelt is not to blame for this. Farmers who were in receipt of his benefactions will remember, when these are stopped, the source from which they came. The new tendency is to vote against the government, any government, but will that apply in the case of a government, the head of which plays Santa Claus all the year round?

Leap Year Sale
FEBRUARY 29th**CROP TESTING PLAN**

Four radio broadcasts dealing with better seed and crop improvement will be given by Mr. H. G. L. Strange, Director of the Crop Testing Plan, as follows:

Tuesday, Feb. 11th.—The use of rusted and frosted grain for seed.
" Feb. 18th.—The standard varieties of wheat, oats and barley.
" Feb. 25th.—How to buy and use good seed.
" Mar. 3rd.—Cleaning and treating seed—use of the fanning mill.

TIMES OF BROADCASTS:
C I G X — YORKTON 2.00 to 2.10 p.m.
C F A C — CALGARY 12.15 to 12.25 p.m.
C J C A — EDMONTON 1.05 to 1.15 p.m.

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An old established firm with a reputation
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H.R. PRESBYTERIAL
WELL ATTENDED

Eleventh Annual Meeting of W.M.S. of High River Presbytery, Interesting Sessions

The eleventh annual meeting of High River Presbytery of the W.M.S. of the United Church was held in High River, February 5th. In spite of the inclement weather the registered sixty-two ladies present, all Auxiliaries but Vulcan being represented.

The morning session opened with a very suitable devotional period led by Miss Kelly and Mrs. Rowe of High River.

Auxiliary and Presbyterial reports were presented, showing a successful year's work in all departments and many helpful suggestions for improvement and development along different lines. The treasurer's report totaled \$2,061.89 sent to Conference branch treasurer for 1935.

A memorial service was conducted to the memory of three valued members who have been called to higher service during the year—Mrs. Soby, Claresholm; Mrs. Eaglesham, Cayley; and Mrs. Drydges, Nanton.

The afternoon session met with the Presbytery, so that all might have the opportunity of hearing the guest speaker, Miss Constance Ward of Luchow, West China. A solo by Mrs. Linder of Nanton, was much enjoyed at this time. Miss Ward dealt with the educational problems of China, tracing the development in the last fifteen years. The government is extending their educational program and will soon handle primary education, thus relieving the church to that extent. Miss Ward referred to the New Life Movement, also spoke of her trip through Denmark searching for ideas suitable for Chinese education. In closing, Miss Ward appealed for more missionary assistance so that the work will not have to fall behind.

On resuming Presbyterial business, officers were elected and installation service conducted by Rev. Mr. Rowe. The officers for 1936 are as follows: Past President, W. C. Scott, Nanton; President, Mrs. Harold Jenkins, Aldersyde; 1st Vice, Mrs. P. G. McPherson, Vulcan; 2nd Vice, Mrs. R. W. Dalgleish, Claresholm; Rec. Sec., C. E. A. Pocock, Okotoks; Cor. Sec., Mrs. Geo. McIntyre, High River; Treasurer, Miss N. Blain, Claresholm; Secretary of church stewardship and finance, Mrs. A. J. Thomson, Gladys; Secretary of M.C. and C.G.I.T., Mrs. Fred McKeague, High River; secretary Mission and Baby Bands, Mrs. A. J. Hadden, Okotoks; associate helpers secretary, Mrs. F. J. Hartwick, Longview; supp. secretary, Mrs. W. M. Marshall, High River; strangers' secretary, Mrs. J. A. Wickens, Cayley; literature secretary, Mrs. H. Peters, Granum; Missionary Monthly and World Friends secretary, Mrs. W. J. Robson, Vulcan; Temperance secretary, Mrs. C. E. Henker, Granum; press secretary, Mrs. J. May, Nanton.

Granum Mission Band and High River Auxiliary received the banners. During the afternoon, solos by Miss Marion Mack of Claresholm and Doraine Powell of High River were very much enjoyed, Mrs. Gordon Blair of Granum being accompanist.

At the close of the meeting, the High River ladies served refreshments, thus bringing to a close another successful Presbyterial meeting.

Rev. Peter Dawson, M.L.A. for the Little Bow constituency, and Mrs. Dawson, left for Edmonton one day last week.

FEBRUARY SPECIALS

6 Only Ladies' Fur Trimmed Coats, clearing at HALF PRICE

Velvet Top Overshoes, 2 styles, to clear at \$2.95

Cloth Top Overshoes, to clear at \$1.95

Ladies' Cotton and Wool Mixture Pyjamas. Several color combinations in these smart-styled, warm garments to clear at only \$1.49

Children's Fleece Bloomers for the cold weather, navy, per pair 40c

Two-way Stretch All-elastic Corsette with Lace Top, priced at only, each \$1.95

Women's Cotton and Wool Mixture Vests and Bloomers, priced at only, each 50c

Children's Silk and Wool Hose, sizes 6½ to 8½, to clear at, per pair 25c

F. M. ANDERSON & COMPANY LIMITED**CUB ZERO WEATHER RESTRICTS TRADE**

Bitterly cold weather and badly drifted country roads were probably responsible for light receipts on the Calgary livestock market during the past week. Trading became slow during the closing days with the bulk of butcher arrivals showing marked lack of finish.

Prices for butcher steers showed a drop of 25 cents at the end of the week with very few choice cattle on offer.

After holding steady the hog market firmed towards the week end, closing with an advance of 25 cents, to 7.75 off trucks.

Most eastern cattle markets reported slow trading over the period with prices about steady.

At Winnipeg cattle opened the week with a drop of 25 cents, but firmed later and closed about steady. Hogs registered a gain of 25 cents.

Slow markets were also reported from Toronto with most values holding about steady. Hogs were stronger gaining 15 cents.

Cattle held firm during the week's trading on Montreal markets with hogs steady over the period.

There were no cables from British cattle markets to the department of agriculture at the week end, but bacon markets in the United Kingdom were steady with prices unchanged. Canadian bacon sold at 74 to 81 shillings and hams at 80 to 85 shillings.

LIQUOR PROFITS BRING BIG TOTAL

Profit of \$1,480,360 was recorded during the year ended last March 31, by the Alberta Liquor Control Board according to the board's annual report tabled in the legislature Friday by Hon. J. W. Huggill, K.C., Attorney-General.

Gross sales during the year amounted to \$3,221,144. Cost of stocks totaled \$1,848,678. Profit on sales totaled \$1,275,466 gross, but operating expenses of liquor stores cut that figure to \$887,254. Special income amounted to \$170,861 from which license expenses of \$25,789 were deducted. Private beer tax revenue amounted to \$446,966 while "sundry" revenue provided another \$6,677.

Net operating profits in the fiscal year ended March 31, 1934, were \$1,171,542.

PROPHECIES

Those who are fond of pasting things in their hats for future reference should not neglect to apply the mullage to the nine predictions which one Gaston Millard of New York has entered in the Forecasts for 1936 Sweepstakes. His prognostications are: (1) The first three months of 1936 will bring a new record in cold weather; (2) Depression will not change until after the presidential elections; (3) Roosevelt will be re-elected in one of the hottest contests in American history; (4) The new administration will be composed of men of action not of planning; (5) Hitler will not see 1937; (6) Col. de la Rouge will become President of France; (7) Italy will have Ethiopia without any war in Europe; (8) Dr. Alexander Alekhine will regain his chess crown; (9) Joe Louis will be world champion.—Left Hand Corner, Lethbridge Herald.

Local Gleanings

Vulcan curlers attending the Annual Banff bonspiel brought home the second prizes in the visitors' competition for the Brewery Trophy. In the final of this event they were defeated by the Hogarth rink from Cochrane, being nosed out by one point in the last end by a 13-12 score. The curlers, John Wolfe, W. D. Allan, B. D. Leckner and H. G. Lee, returned to Vulcan Saturday morning. They report some extremely cold weather in the higher altitude, 53 degrees below zero being sample of what they had to brave between the hotel and the curling rink.

The regular monthly meeting of the Mothers' Auxiliary to the Boy Scouts and Cubs was held at the home of Mrs. F. B. Clark on Wednesday February 5th. The meeting was opened with a short memorial service for our late King, George V. The main feature of business was the arranging for the purchase of six dozen cups and saucers, six dozen spoons and three coffee pitchers for the Scout hall these articles being purchased from the proceeds of the tea held in the Legion hall in November. Plans were made to purchase a cupboard to hold the utensils. The next place of meeting will be announced in these columns.

Although the attendance at the social evening held under auspices of the Vulcan Branch of the Canadian Legion in the Memorial hall on Wednesday, February 5th, was small due to cold weather and drifted roads nevertheless those who came had an enjoyable time. Early in the evening whist and bridge were played, five tables of players for each game. Winners were: Whist, first prize, Mr. G. Gordon; consolation, Amy Wigley; Bridge, first prize, Lee Middleton; consolation, Mrs. Jack Marshall. Dancing followed the card playing with Bob Simington as master of ceremonies. The number of persons attending increased with the dancing. The Doney orchestra provided the music. Lunch was served.

The first meeting of the school board following the elections by acclamation was held in the office of the secretary-treasurer on Monday evening, E. G. McPherson was again elected chairman of the board of trustees and A. J. Flood was selected as secretary-treasurer for the year. Routine business was transacted, including the passing of a number of accounts for payment. The requisition for 1936 was set at \$14,000.00 by the board. This amount is \$1,000.00 higher than last year brought about by the shortage in the 1935 requisition amount. The increase will not bring about any increase in the mill rate of school taxes it was forecast at the meeting, the Town of Vulcan holding over \$6,000.00 in trust account for school purposes.

A regular meeting of the Vulcan British-Israel Federation was held on Sunday afternoon. Albert Collier, now president of the group, spoke on "The Abrahamic Covenants". The subject was well prepared, and, as time did not permit him to finish the address he will complete his topic at the meeting this Sunday. The members are looking forward with much interest to the continuation of this Bible study. The speaker for the following Sunday will be Jack Lebeau. Commencing Monday evening, February 17th, at 8 o'clock, in the Carson Block, Dr. G. M. Carson will deliver the first in a series of basic British-Israel lectures for a new class. The committee in charge of this class includes Harry Dörning, Albert Collier and Miss Harriet Diecher. Everyone interested is invited to attend and bring their Bibles. A large attendance is expected.

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Ship your livestock by truck
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VULCAN THEATRE
NEXT WEEK
TUESDAY, February 18th
2 shows, 7.30 and 9.30 p.m.
"The Keeper of the Bees"
— WITH —
Neil Hamilton
Betty Furness
Selected Short Subjects

Elks' Kiddies Fund Draw
\$35.00

FRIDAY and SATURDAY
February 21st and 22nd
Matinee Saturday at 2:30 p.m.

GEORGE RAFT
— AND —
BEN BERNIE
(And All His Lads)
— IN —
"Stolen Harmony"